



# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

©Champion Bow Tie logo is a trademark of Federal-Mogul Corporation, used under license.

MSDS: FUEL ADDITIVE - FUEL STABILIZER

## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

FUEL ADDITIVE - FUEL STABILIZER

**Synonyms:**

CHAMPION® FUEL STABILIZER

**Company Identification**

Champion Brands, L.L.C., 1001 Golden Drive, Clinton, MO 64735  
PHONE: 800-821-5693 WEBSITE: [www.championbrands.com](http://www.championbrands.com)

**CAS Registry Number** Not Applicable

**Synonyms** None

**Generic/Chemical Name** Mixture

**Product Type** General Fuel Additive

**Preparation Date** April 10, 2008

**Transportation Emergency Response**

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

**Product Information**

Product Information and MSDS Requests: (800) 821-5693 and [www.championbrands.com](http://www.championbrands.com)

## 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	CAS	EU	WHMIS Reg?	%wt
Petroleum Distillates	8052-41-3	R10, Xn; R65, Xi; R37	Yes	0 – 100
Severely hydrotreated mineral oil	Mixture	Not Controlled Under DSD	No	0 – 100
1,3,5-trimethyl-Benzene	108-68-8	R10, Xi; R37	Yes	<1
1,2,4-trimethyl-Benzene	95-63-6	R10, Xn; R20, Xi; R36/37/38, N; R51/53	Yes	<1
Xylene	1330-20-7	R10, Xn; R20/21, Xi; R38	Yes	<1

## 3. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

CONTAINS INGREDIENTS CONSIDERED HAZARDOUS. SEE SECTIONS 8 AND 11 FOR MORE INFORMATION.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN!

**Primary Hazards and Critical Effects:** WARNING! CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE.

**Physical/Chemical Hazards:** Combustible.

**Environmental Hazards:** Toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.):** Health: 1 Flammability: 2 Reactivity: 0

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye:** No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove contact lenses, if worn, and flush eyes with water.

**Skin:** No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove clothing and shoes if contaminated. To remove the material from skin, use soap and water. Discard contaminated clothing and shoes or thoroughly clean before reuse.

**Ingestion:** No specific first aid measures are required. Do not induce vomiting. As a precaution, get medical advice.

**Inhalation:** No specific first aid measures are required. If exposed to excessive levels of material in the air, move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if coughing or respiratory discomfort occurs.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

### FIRE CLASSIFICATION:

OSHA Classification (29 CFR 1910.1200): Classified by OSHA as combustible.

**NFPA RATINGS:** Health: 1 Flammability: 2 Reactivity: 0

### FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES:

**Flashpoint:** >40.5°C (>105.0 °F)

**Autoignition Temperature:** Not Determined

**Flammability (Explosive) Limits (% by volume in air):** Lower: Not Determined Upper: Not Determined

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) to extinguish flames.

### PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS:

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** Wear NIOSH Approved SCBA and full protective equipment. Water may be ineffective in fighting a petroleum fire unless used by experienced fire fighter.

**Combustion Products:** Highly dependent on combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE INFORMATION

**Protective Measures:** Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spilled material.

**Spill Management:** Stop the source of the release if you can do it without risk. Contain release to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater. Clean up spill as soon as possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Use appropriate techniques such as applying non-combustible absorbent materials or pumping. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations.

**Reporting:** Report spills to local authorities and/or the U.S. Coast Guard's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802 as appropriate or required.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautionary Measures:** DO NOT USE IN HIGH PRESSURE SYSTEMS in the vicinity of flames, sparks and hot surfaces. Use only in well ventilated areas. Keep container closed. Keep out of the reach of children.

**General Handling Information:** Avoid contaminating soil or releasing this material into sewage and drainage systems and bodies of water.

**Static Hazard:** Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. To minimize this hazard, bonding and grounding may be necessary but may not, by themselves, be sufficient. Review all operations which have the potential of generating an accumulation of electrostatic charge and/or a flammable atmosphere (including tank and container filling, splash filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, filtering, mixing, agitation, and vacuum truck operations) and use appropriate mitigating procedures. For more information, refer to OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.106, 'Flammable and Combustible Liquids', National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 77, 'Recommended Practice on Static Electricity', and/or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, 'Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents'.

**Container Warnings:** Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to empty container or it may rupture with explosive force. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or disposed of properly

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

### GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Consider the potential hazards of this material, applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended. The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below the recommended exposure limits.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT**

**Eye/Face Protection:** Wear protective equipment to prevent eye contact. Selection of protective equipment may include safety glasses, chemical goggles, face shields, or a combination depending on the work operations conducted.

**Skin Protection:** Wear protective clothing to prevent skin contact. Selection of protective clothing may include gloves, apron, boots, and complete facial protection depending on operations conducted. Suggested materials for protective gloves include: Silver Shield, Viton.

**Respiratory Protection:** Determine if airborne concentrations are below the recommended occupational exposure limits for jurisdiction of use. If airborne concentrations are above the acceptable limits, wear an approved respirator that provides adequate protection from this material, such as: Air-Purifying Respirator for Organic Vapors.

Use a positive pressure air-supplying respirator in circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

**Occupational Exposure Limits:**

Ingredient Name & CAS#	OEL U.S.A	OEL Canada	OEL Europe	OEL Australia
Petroleum Distillates CAS 8052-41-3	ACGIH (United States). Skin TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).	Not available.	ACGIH TLV (United States). Skin TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).	ACGIH TLV (United States). Skin TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).
Severely hydrotreated mineral oil	ACGIH (United States). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OSHA (United States). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	EH40 (UK) (Europe, 2002). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).	Unknown
1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene CAS 95-63-6	ACGIH (United States, 1999). TWA: 25 ppm	TWA: 25 ppm	EH40 (UK) (Europe). TWA: 25 ppm	ACGIH (United States, 1999). TWA: 25 ppm
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene CAS 108-67-8	ACGIH (United States, 1999). TWA: 25 ppm	TWA: 25 ppm	EH40 (UK) (Europe). TWA: 25 ppm	ACGIH (United States, 1999). TWA: 25 ppm
Xylene CAS 1330-20-7	ACGIH (United States, 1996). TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm	TWA: 100 STEL: 150	EH40 (UK) (Europe, 2002). Skin TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 100 ppm 15 min.	NOHSC (Australia, 2003). TWA: 80 ppm 15 minute. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minute.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Attention: the data below are typical values and do not constitute a specification.

<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	Not Determined
<b>pH</b>	Not determined
<b>API Gravity</b>	=43.4 @ 60°F
<b>Boiling Point</b>	Not Determined
<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	Not Determined
<b>VOC</b>	100%, >6.560 lbs/gal
<b>Appearance</b>	Clear
<b>State</b>	Liquid
<b>Color</b>	Amber
<b>Odor</b>	Petroleum
<b>Solubility</b>	Not Soluble in Water

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Chemical Stability:** This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

**Incompatibility With Other Materials:** May react with strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates, peroxides.

**Hazardous Polymerization:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Routes of Entry :** Skin, Eyes, Inhalation and Ingestion.

**Target Organs:** May cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, liver, heart, brain, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS), testes.

**Acute Effects:**

**Skin Contact:** May cause irritation, drying of skin.

**Inhalation:** Irritating to respiratory system.

**Ingestion:** Aspiration hazard if swallowed- can enter lungs and cause damage.

**Eye Contact:** Irritating to eyes.

**Chronic Effects:**

**Adverse Effects:** petroleum distillates: Adverse symptoms may include: In the presence of slight maternal toxicity, fetotoxic effects have been observed in the offspring of rats exposed by inhalation to Solvent Naphtha (petroleum) light aromatic. Trimethylbenzenes: Adverse symptoms may include: This product contains trimethylbenzene. Literature data indicate that long-term inhalation exposure causes blood effects in laboratory animals. Xylene: Adverse symptoms may include: Central nervous system, liver, kidneys, and blood effects by inhalation and heart beat irregularity (arrhythmia) and heart beat - increase. High exposures to xylene in some animal studies, often at levels toxic to the mother, affected embryo/fetal development. The significance of this finding to humans is not known. Trimethylbenzenes: Adverse symptoms may include: This product contains trimethylbenzene. Literature data indicate that long-term inhalation exposure causes blood effects in laboratory animals.

**Carcinogenic Effects:** Not classified or listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA, EU and ACGIH.

**Toxicity Data:** Note determined.

**Additional Toxic Information:** None Available

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION****ECOTOXICITY**

Toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Based on calculation.

**ENVIRONMENTAL FATE**

This product contains components which may be persistent in the environment.

**13. DISPOSAL INFORMATION**

Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. This material, if it must be discarded, may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by US EPA under RCRA (40 CFR 261) or other State and local regulations. Measurement of certain physical properties and analysis for regulated components may be necessary to make a correct determination. If this material is classified as a hazardous waste, federal law requires disposal at a licensed hazardous waste disposal facility.

**14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49CFR, or appropriate Dangerous Goods Regulations, for additional description requirements (e.g., technical name) and mode-specific or quantity-specific shipping requirements.

**U.S. Department of Transportation Non-Bulk** NONE – Excepted from Hazmat Regulations

**Shipping Name:**

**Maritime transport IMDG:**

**IMO/IMDG Shipping Description:** Petroleum Distillates, n.o.s.

**IMO/IMDG Technical Name:** Contains: Petroleum Distillates

**IMO/IMDG Hazard Class:** 3

**IMO/IMDG Identification Number:** UN1268

**IMO/IMDG Packing Group:** None

**IMO/IMDG Markings:** "LTD QTY" on transport container/trailer

**IMO/IMDG Label:** Flammable Liquid

**Air transport ICAO-TI and IATA-DGR:**

**ICAO/IATA Shipping Description:** Petroleum Distillates, n.o.s.

**ICAO/IATA Identification Number:** ID 8000

**ICAO/IATA Hazard Class:** 9

**ICAO/IATA Packing Group:** None

**ICAO/IATA Label:** 9

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION****EU Regulations**

**Hazard:** Irritant, Dangerous for the environment

**Risk Phrases**

R10- Flammable.  
 R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.  
 R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.  
 R67- Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.  
 R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

**Safety Phrases**

S16- Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.  
 S23- Do not breathe vapor  
 S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.  
 S28- After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water.  
 S57- Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

**Additional Warning Phrases** : Not applicable.

**US Regulations**

**SARA 313** toxic chemical notification and release reporting: trimethylbenzenes < 1.0%; Xylene  
**SARA 311/312** MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Fire hazard, immediate health hazard, Delayed health hazard.

**State**

**California prop. 65:** Not applicable.

**Canadian Regulations**

**WHMIS (Classification)** : Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).

\*\* Any WHMIS regulated ingredients marked as proprietary are done so under the auspices of the Hazardous Materials

**Information Review Commission.**

HMIRC Registry Number : 5634  
 Claim granted: May 2, 2005

**Chemical Inventory Status:**

United States: All components on TSCA Inventory	Canada: All components on DSL
Europe : All components on EINECS	Japan : All components on METI
Australia : One or more components not found on NICNAS	Korea : All components on ECL
China: All components on IECSC	Philippines: All components on PICCS

**16. DISCLAIMER**

**REVISION STATEMENT:** Revision updates many sections and the MSDS should be read in its entirety.

Prepared according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the ANSI MSDS Standard (Z400.1) by Champion LLC, 1001 Golden Drive, Clinton, Missouri 64735.

The information presented herein has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable and is accurate to the best knowledge of Champion Brands, L.L.C. Champion Brands, L.L.C., makes no warranty whatsoever expressed or implied of merchantability or fitness for the particular purpose, regarding the accuracy of such data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Champion Brands, L.L.C., assumes no legal responsibility for use or reliance upon this data. Since this information may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar and since data made available subsequent to the date hereof may suggest modifications of the information, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use. This information is furnished upon condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular purpose.